

# INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING PROBLEM SOLVING

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## Introduction:

### SCOPE

Each unit includes:

1. Core Content: Provides theoretical background and knowledge.
2. Student Activity: Designed for groups of 4 students that have a kit and access to Coderz. The student activity is based on PBL with worksheets that provide the data and evaluation for each activity.

The course is based on:

1. Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) in:
  - Forces and Interactions
  - Energy
  - Engineering Design
  - Science and Engineering Practices
2. K-12 Computer Science Standards (CSTA – Computer Science Teachers Association) at Level 3 in Computing Practice & Programming.
3. Common Core Standards for Mathematical Practice.
4. Iowa University - Engineering Problem Solving I academic course.

The mapping to these standards and items can be found in the Learning Objectives section at the end of this document.

### COURSE DESIGN

The curriculum is designed so that each subsequent project is less structured and provides less instruction.

During the projects, a scenario is presented with a problem that needs to be solved. The robots provide the learning environment, and the unit tasks create the learning path. Learning and knowledge acquisition are derived from the problems that arise. These projects provide the required knowledge or ways of acquiring it for completing the projects. Problem Based Learning and Project Based Learning methods are thus implemented.

Many of the tasks and assignments in the course are to be completed in teams of four students.

## Outline Summary

Unit Titles:

1. Living in a STEAM World

Project 1: Planetary Rover

In this set of activities, the students build a planetary rover according to given instructions. After building and moving it, they start to explore it from various STEAM aspects.

2. Building a Planetary Rover – PushBot
3. Driving the Planetary Rover – PushBot
4. Exploring Planetary Rover Motion 1
5. Exploring Planetary Rover Motion 2
6. Exploring Electrical Motors 1
7. Exploring Electrical Motors 2
8. Exploring Gears
9. Landing a Planetary Rover
10. Center of Gravity
11. Thermodynamics

Project 2: Material Handling Robot

In this set of activities, the students start to implement the knowledge attained from the first set of activities. The tasks are relatively easy and focus on the incorporation of all the previously learned knowledge to an object or product. Students learn to program the robot using Java. They experience using sensors and strategies for solving problems.

Unit Titles:

12. Sensor
13. Forklift
14. Navigation
15. Conclusion

## Tools

- **Kit of Parts:**
  - Based on the TETRIX FTC Competition Set and the FTC Electronics Modules and Sensors Set.
- **Programming Interface:** Coderz
  - The student will write programs in Coderz using the Blocks interface and Java programming, and will run programs on the simulator and on the physical robot.
- **Instructor's Resource PDFs** are provided where necessary to:
  - Describe each unit.
  - Explain the teacher's involvement when required, for example, to play a video or divide students into groups.
  - Explain the grading for each unit.
- **Portfolio:**
  - Throughout the course, students will add notes, screenshots of programs, photos of robot builds and other useful engineering information as instructed to their portfolio, which they will be able to take with them after completing the course.

## National Standards / Learning Objectives

| NGSS - <u><a href="#">FORCES AND INTERACTIONS</a></u>   | PROJECT   |
|---|-----------|
| HS-PS2-1 Analyze data to support the claim that <b>Newton's second law</b> of motion describes the mathematical relationship among the net force on a macroscopic object, its mass, and its acceleration. | Project 1 |
| HS-PS2-2 Use mathematical representations to support the claim that the total <b>momentum</b> of a system of objects is conserved when there is no net force on the system.                               | Project 1 |
| HS-PS2-3 Apply scientific and engineering ideas to design, evaluate, and refine a device that <b>minimizes the force</b> on a macroscopic object during a <b>collision</b> .                              | Project 1 |
| HS-PS2-4 Use mathematical representations of <b>Newton's Law</b> of Gravitation and <b>Coulomb's Law</b> to describe and predict the gravitational and electrostatic forces between objects.              | Project 1 |
| HS-PS2-5 Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that an electric current can produce a <b>magnetic field</b> and that a changing magnetic field can produce an electric current.           | Project 1 |

| NGSS - <u><a href="#">ENERGY</a></u>  | PROJECT      |
|---|--------------|
| HS-PS3-1 Create a computational model to calculate the change in the energy of one component in a system when the change in energy of the other component(s) and energy flows in and out of the system are known.   | Project 1    |
| HS-PS3-2 Develop and use models to illustrate that energy at the macroscopic scale can be accounted for as a combination of energy associated with the motions of particles (objects) and energy associated with the relative position of particles (objects).  | Project 1    |
| HS-PS3-3 Design, build, and refine a device that works within given constraints to convert one form of energy into another form of energy.  | All projects |
| HS-PS3-4 Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that the <b>transfer of thermal energy</b> when two components of different temperature are combined within a closed system results in a more uniform energy distribution among the components in the system (second law of thermodynamics). | Project 1    |
| HS-PS3-5 Develop and use a model of two objects interacting through electric or magnetic fields to illustrate the <b>forces between objects</b> and the changes in energy of the objects due to the interaction.  | Project 1    |

| NGSS – <a href="#">ENGINEERING DESIGN</a>   | PROJECT    |
|---|------------|
| HS-ETS1-1 Analyze a major global challenge to specify qualitative and quantitative criteria and constraints for solutions that account for societal needs and wants.  | Projects 2 |
| HS-ETS1-2 Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.  | Projects 2 |
| HS-ETS1-3 Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and trade-offs that account for a range of constraints, including cost, safety, reliability, and aesthetics, as well as possible social, cultural, and environmental impacts. | Projects 2 |
| HS-ETS1-4 Use a computer simulation to model the impact of proposed solutions to a complex real-world problem with numerous criteria and constraints on interactions within and between systems relevant to the problem.  | Project 1  |

| NGSS – <a href="#">SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING PRACTICES</a> | PROJECT      |
|--|--------------|
| Asking Questions and Defining Problems                   | All projects |
| Developing and Using Models                              | All projects |
| Planning and Carrying Out Investigations                 | All projects |
| Analyzing and Interpreting Data                          | All projects |
| Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking             | All projects |
| Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions        | All projects |
| Engaging in Argument from Evidence                       | All projects |
| Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information     | All projects |

| CSTA K12 – <a href="#">COMPUTER SCIENCE IN THE MODERN WORLD</a>   | PROJECT      |
|---|--------------|
| Use various debugging and testing methods to ensure program correctness (e.g., test cases, unit testing, white box, black box, integration testing) | All projects |
| Select appropriate file formats for various types and uses of data.   | All projects |
| Describe a variety of programming languages available to solve problems and develop systems.  | All projects |

| CSTA K12 – <a href="#">COMPUTER SCIENCE IN THE MODERN WORLD</a>                               | PROJECT      |
|---|--------------|
| Explain the program execution process.  | All projects |
| Describe techniques for locating and collecting small and large-scale data sets.              | Project 2    |
| Describe how mathematical and statistical functions, sets, and logic are used in computation. | All projects |

| CSTA K12 – <a href="#">COMPUTER SCIENCE CONCEPTS AND PRACTICE</a>                                | PROJECT                              |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Use advanced tools to create digital artifacts (e.g., web design, animation, video, multimedia). | Project 2                            |
| Classify programming languages based on their level and application domain                       | All projects                         |
| Explore principles of system design in scaling, efficiency, and security.                        | All projects (not only in computers) |
| Use data analysis to enhance understanding of complex natural and human systems.                 | Final project                        |
| Deploy various data collection techniques for different types of problems.                       | Project 2                            |
| Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  | Project 2                            |
| Reason abstractly and quantitatively.  | Project 2                            |
| Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Model with mathematics.         | Project 2                            |
| Use appropriate tools strategically. Attend to precision.  | Projects 2                           |
| Look for and make use of structure.  | Projects 2                           |
| Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.   | Projects 2                           |

| <a href="#">COMMON CORE STANDARDS FOR MATHEMATICAL PRACTICE</a>                         | PROJECT      |
|---|--------------|
| CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.            | All projects |
| CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.                            | All projects |
| CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. | Projects 2   |

| <u>COMMON CORE STANDARDS FOR MATHEMATICAL PRACTICE</u>                        | PROJECT      |
|---|--------------|
| CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP4 Model with mathematics.                                | All projects |
| CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP5 Use appropriate tools strategically.                   | All projects |
| CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP6 Attend to precision.                                   | All projects |
| CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP7 Look for and make use of structure.                    | All projects |
| CCSS.MATH.PRACTICE.MP8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning. | All projects |

| <u>21<sup>ST</sup> CENTURY SKILLS</u>   | PROJECT      |
|---|--------------|
| Learning and Innovation Skills: Creativity and Innovation   | All projects |
| Learning and Innovation Skills: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving                               | All projects |
| Learning and Innovation Skills: Communication   | All projects |
| Learning and Innovation Skills: Collaboration   | All projects |
| Information, Media and Technology Skills: Information Literacy                                      |              |
| Information, Media and Technology Skills: ICT (Information, Communications and Technology) Literacy | All projects |
| Life and Career Skills: Flexibility and Adaptability  | All projects |
| Life and Career Skills: Initiative and Self-Direction   | All projects |
| Life and Career Skills: Social and Cross-Cultural Skills  | All projects |
| Life and Career Skills: Productivity and Accountability   | All projects |
| Life and Career Skills: Leadership and Responsibility   | All projects |

| <u>UNIVERSITY OF IOWA</u>  | PROJECT      |
|--|--------------|
| An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering.  | All projects |
| An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.  | All projects |
| An ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability. | Project 2    |

| UNIVERSITY OF IOWA  | PROJECT      |
|---|--------------|
| An ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams.   | Project 2    |
| An ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems.  | Project 2    |
| An understanding of professional and ethical responsibility.  | Project 2    |
| An ability to communicate effectively.  | All projects |
| The broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context. | Project 2    |
| A recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning.  | All projects |
| a knowledge of contemporary issues  | All projects |
| An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.                                  | All projects |